

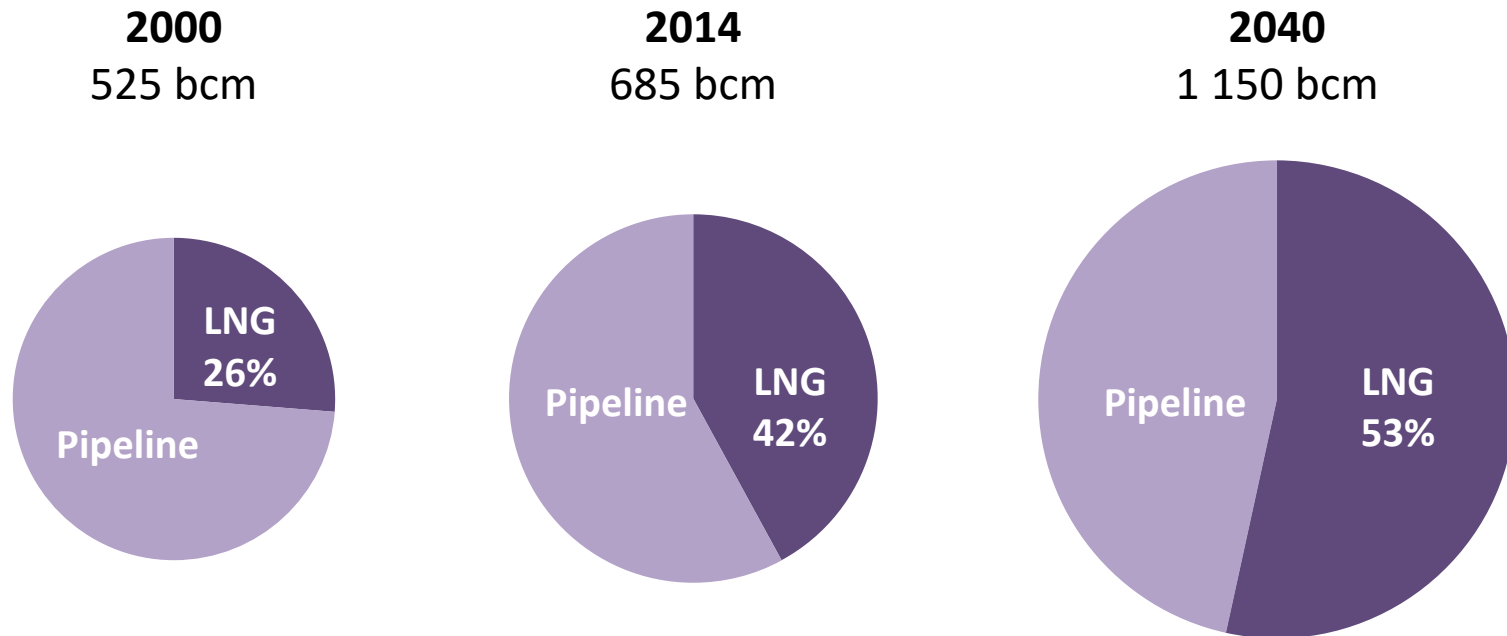
Fifth IEF-IGU Ministerial Gas Forum

Keisuke Sadamori, Director, Energy Markets & Security

New Delhi, 6 December 2016

A wave of LNG spurs a second natural gas revolution

Share of LNG in global long-distance gas trade

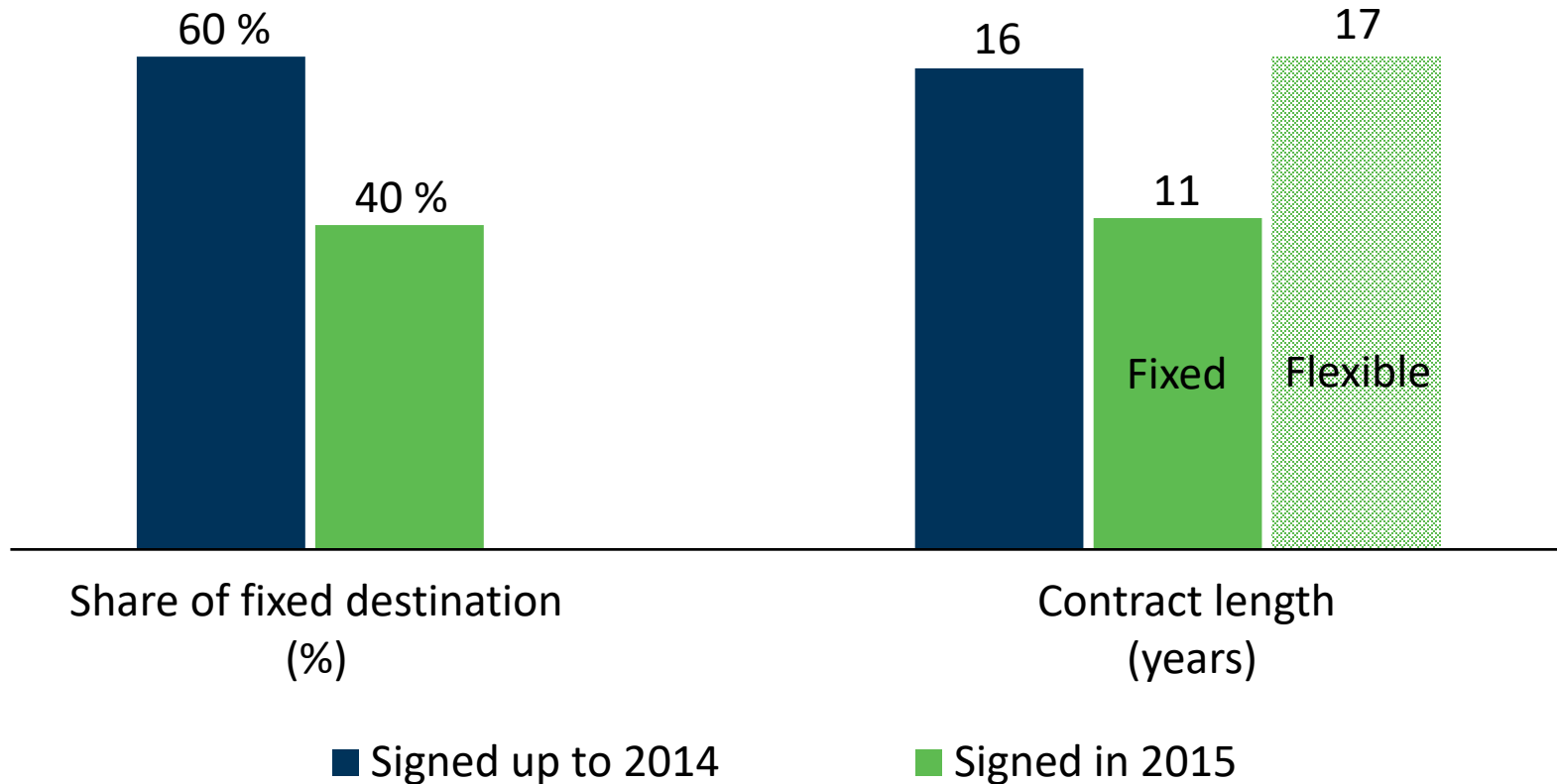


Contractual terms and pricing arrangements are all being tested as new LNG from Australia, the US & others collides into an already well-supplied market

IEA's Global Gas Security Review

- Gas is playing an increasingly important role in the energy mix
- Well supplied markets does not mean gas security can be taken for granted
 - *As markets become more interconnected, shocks in one region can quickly spread*
 - *Disruptions are arising from poor regulation, geopolitical crises & natural disasters*
- In response, the IEA is broadening its role on energy security to include gas
 - *This follows mandates from 2015 IEA Ministerial & G7 under Japanese Presidency*
- IEA will conduct “resiliency assessments” & bring data/analysis to market participants to boost transparency, including:
 - *outages by type & region*
 - *flexible & uncontracted LNG volumes*

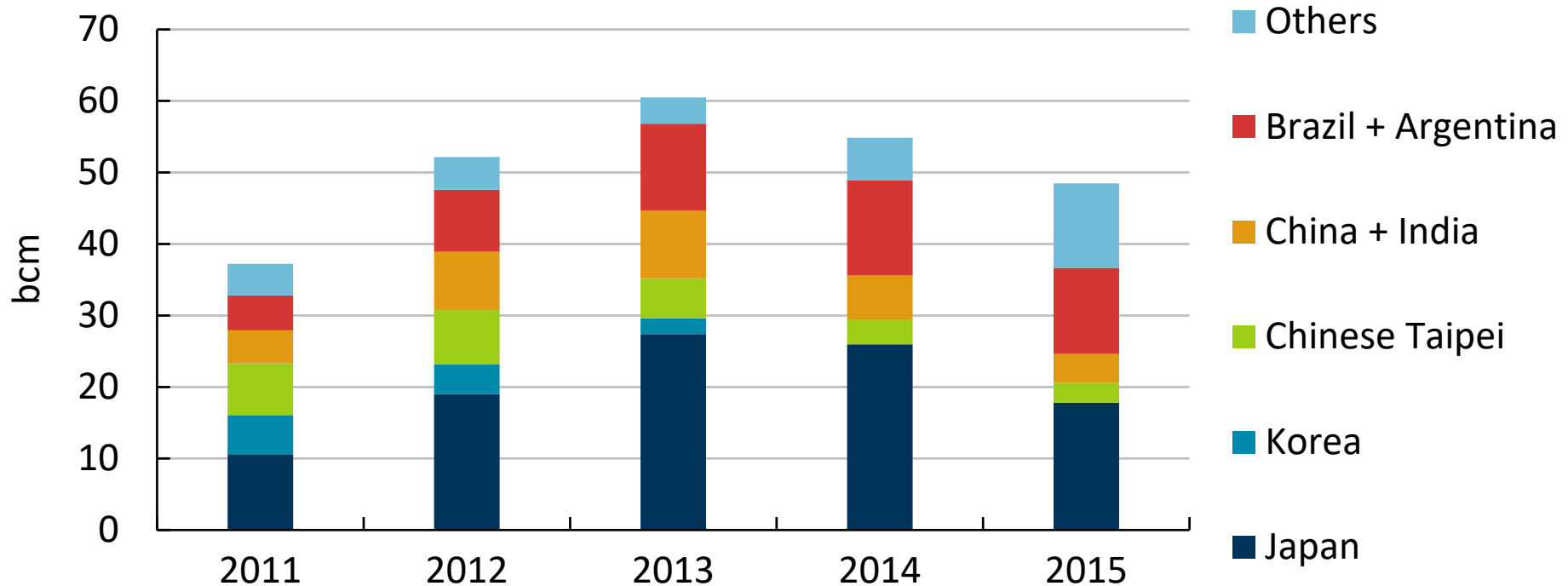
But LNG contract structures are becoming less rigid – increasing market efficiency



Contracts with flexible destinations & shorter terms are becoming more common; buyers will accept longer contracts in exchange for increased destination flexibility

Demand for flexible LNG volumes remains above pre-Fukushima levels

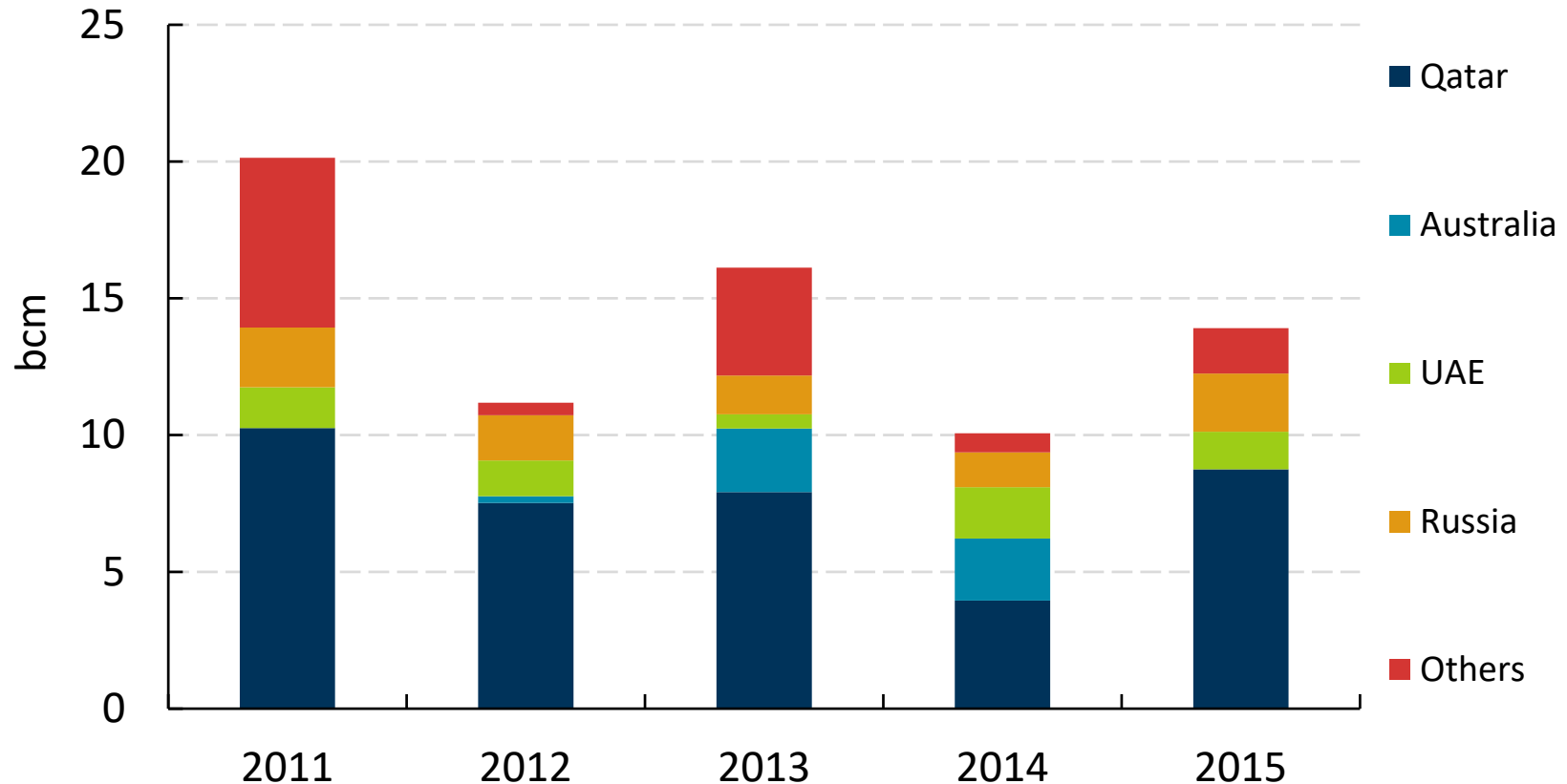
Demand for flexible LNG volumes



Demand for flexible LNG volumes peaked in 2013 at around 20% of global LNG trade; new buyers are offsetting some of the slack left by Japan

Qatar plays a pivotal role in LNG security

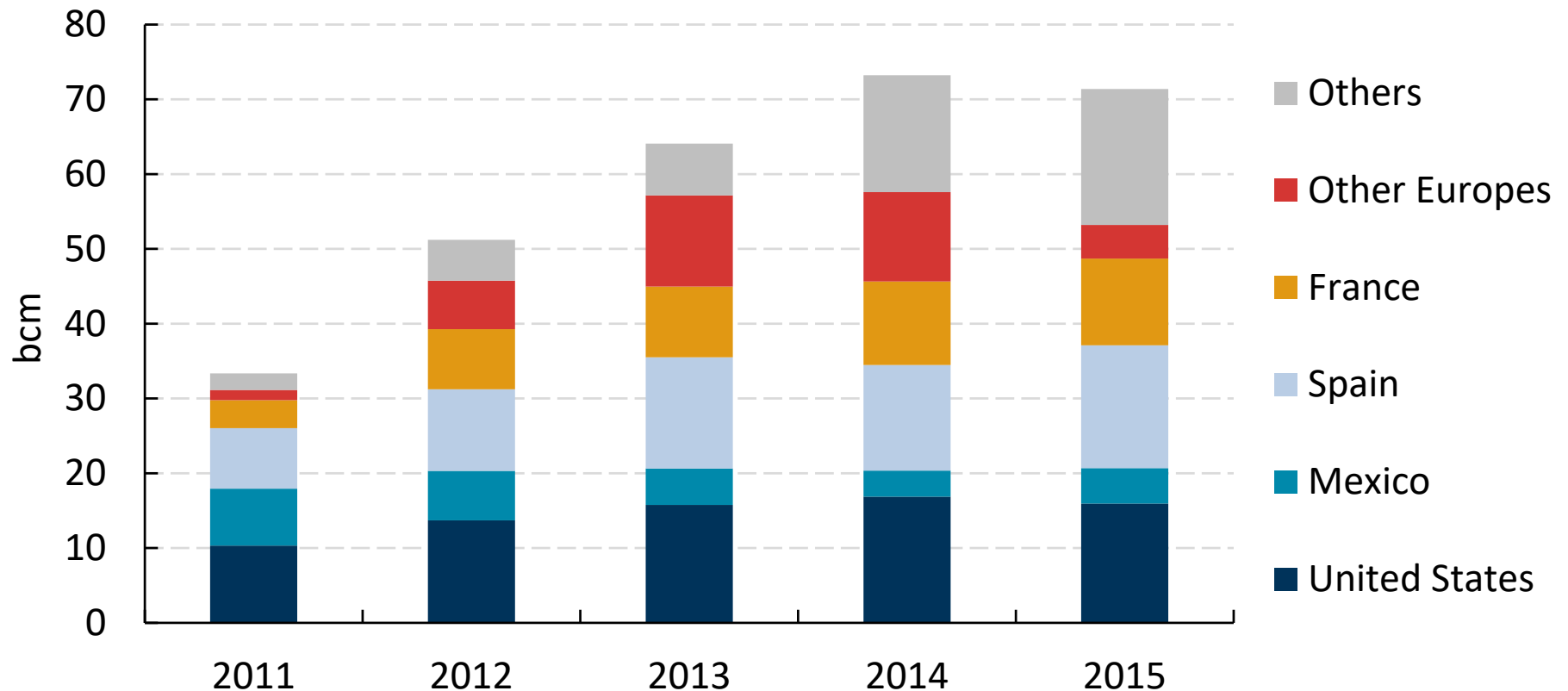
Uncontracted volumes by exporter



Qatar provides more than half of global uncontracted LNG volumes; Flexibility comes from uncontracted LNG, diversions, re-loads & contracts with open destinations

Europe key provider of volume flexibility to the market

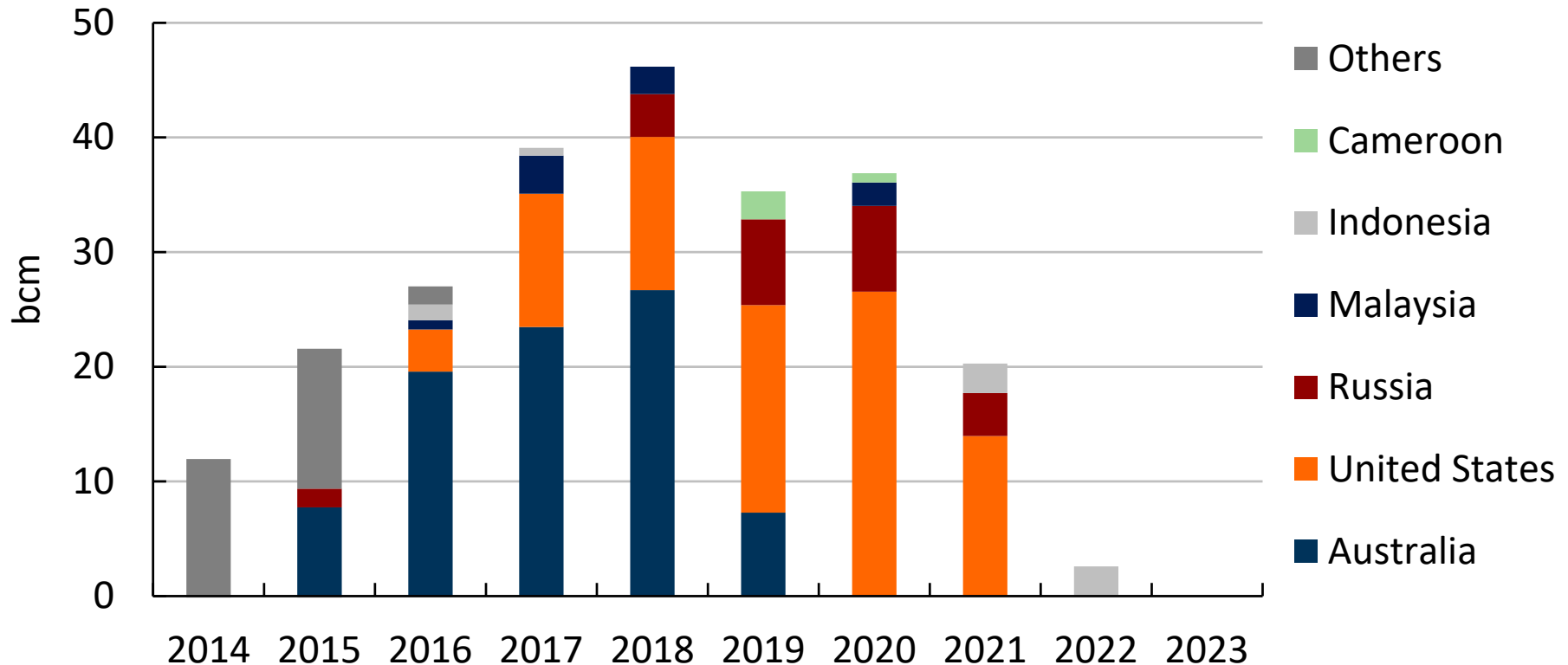
Over-contracted position of LNG importers



Europe and the United States have accounted for much of the flexibility provided by the demand-side over the past 5 years.

Lack of investments risk tightening the market next decade

Incremental liquefaction capacity under construction



***By the early 2020's the current wave of new production additions will run out.
New investments needed to avoid future market tightness.***