# "The World Oil Outlook: From new reserves revolution to new oil price uncertainties"



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The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of Antonio Merino and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of Repsol.



*"It sometime almost seems as if the techniques of science were more easily learnt than the thinking that shows us what the problems are and how to approach them"* 

Hayek (1974).



- What do we know about oil price behavior since the 90's?
- How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution: surplus of resources? At what price?
- Two questions: new regulations and monetary policies
- Conclusions



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		US Dollar			Deutsche Mark - Euro		
		1957-1970	2013	Ratio 2013 / (1957-1970)	1957-1970	2013	Ratio 2013 / (1957-1970)
NOMINAL	CRB	85.6	206.8	2.4	82.0	73.0	0.9
	CRB Metals	106.9	995.5	9.3	101.9	351.7	3.5
	WTI	106.3	3402.1	32.0	95.3	1111.7	11.7
DEFLATED	CRB	76.7	25.0	0.3	72.1	16.7	0.2
	CRB Metals	94.2	120.3	1.3	87.9	80.3	0.9
	WΤΙ	94.5	411.3	4.4	83.1	253.8	3.1

What do we know about oil price behavior since the 90's? Looking to the future curve what we see is a future marginal oil price around 90\$? Is this shale oil's future marginal price? Or is it only hedging?



#### 150 Historic Price @ 15/1/2014 130 @ 28/8/2013 @ 14/6/2012 110 @ 8/4/2011 @ 24/12/2008 90 US\$ per barrel Company Hedging @ 30/6/2008 @ 1/1/2003 70 50 30 10 Jan-10 Jan-12 Jan-06 Jan-08 Jan-09 Jan-11 Jan-19 Jan-02 Jan-05 Jan-16 Jan-18 Jan-03 Jan-07 Jan-13 Jan-15 Jan-14 Jan-04 Jan-17

#### Changes in the Future Market Crude Oil Price Perspectives

Source: Bloomberg and Economic Research Department





Stocks in million barrels

A new price-inventory relationship has been established. Implicitly the new supply curve is indicating that we need higher prices to get more production, but what prices do we expect in the future?

What do we know about oil price behavior since the 90's? Right now, the key question seems to be how marginal price will evolve if more/less oil is needed. Can we draw any lesson from the past? Which type of price behavior?





Source: International Energy Agency (IEA) and Repsol Economic Research Department

What do we know about oil price behavior since the 90's? What will happen to the future curve if the price forecast by the IEA or EIA is correct. Will we have a market reaction like in 2004-2009? Or will it be different this time







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How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution Resources are there but marginal cost is moving up. Cost and depletion are key









How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution And field decline implies an increasing investment to maintain production levels











How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution More wells are needed despite efficiency gains in production, so more equipment is needed to maintain plateau.





How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution According to any macro economic model, energy price increases translate into higher metal prices (steel and cooper). Higher oil price implies higher metal costs





How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution Proxy evidence supporting the unconventional production costs hypothesis







How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution Proxy evidence supporting the unconventional production costs hypothesis





#### Source: Bloomberg and Economic Research Department

How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution Lets not forget we still need the OPEC, a cartel whose countries need high prices to maintain their high spending... Which is the equilibrium price for OPEC?



#### EIA's long terms perspectives of supply and demand balance



So in my view marginal prices will move up and also we will look for additional marginal production beyond conventional. In that case, OPEC production is the actual suspect

How will oil prices behave? The unconventional revolution The OPEC answer to provide the marginal barrel in 7 year will be key. Will OPEC behavior be like during the period 2000-2004 or like during 2004-2009?



Source: US. Energy Information Administration (EIA) and Repsol Economic Research Department



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Two questions: new regulations and monetary policies It seems that regulation on both sides of the Atlantic is different, but it has its effects





# **Two questions: new regulations and monetary policies** Less co-movements since the implementation of QE4 in January





Source: Thomson Reuters Datastream and Repsol Economic Research Department de Repsol

### Two questions: new regulations and monetary policies Less co-movements since the implementation of QE4 in January



145 125 105 (index 09:08=100) 85 65 45 25 Jul-10 -Oct-10 -Jan-11 -Apr-11 -Jul-11 -Jan-10 -Apr-10 -Jan-08 Apr-08 Jul-08 Oct-08 Jan-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Oct-09 Apr-12 Jul-12 Oct-12 Jan-13 Apr-13 Jul-13 Oct-13 Oct-11 Jan-12 Jan-14 Operation twist Expectations about the program announcement Implementation of the program Brent S&P

**Brent and S&P** 

# Two questions: new regulations and monetary policies Less co-movements since the implementation of QE4 in January









#### Central Bank interventions rates



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# Conclusions



- In real terms oil is the only commodity that has multiplied its price since the 60's. The depreciation of the dollar has to be considered. In € terms the picture is slightly different
- We have seen the more acute episode of price volatility during a period of financial turbulence (2004-2009) For the time being the issue is marginal price of unconventional
- When we see the decline rates and the need for more wells, marginal cost increases seem natural even with efficiency gains
- Moreover, In our view there is a clear relationship between oil price increases and metals price increases. They feed on each other
- I am of the view that in 5-10 years, OPEC will face important decisions because more OPEC oil will be needed. Price uncertainties can come back., as in the period between 2004-2009. If that not the case, real oil price will fall
- Last but not least, there are two important issues not directly related with oil influencing price outlook : Regulation of derivative markets and banks and the new monetary policy. One will limit upside movements in normal times and the other support high prices





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