15th International Energy Forum Ministerial

Global Energy Transition: an Enhanced Role for Energy Dialogue

Roundtable 1: Sustainable energy access: a critical factor for human development

Namat Abu Al-Soof, OFID
Algiers, Algeria
26-28 September, 2015
United Against Poverty

- Established in 1976 by OPEC Member Countries as a collective channel of aid to the developing countries.
- The Vision: To aspire to a world where sustainable development centered on human capacity-building is a reality for all.
- The Mission: To foster South-South partnership with fellow developing countries worldwide with the aim of eradicating poverty.
- For 4 decades working in cooperation with 134 developing country partners and the international donor community to stimulate economic growth and alleviate poverty in all disadvantaged regions of the world.
- Providing financing to build essential infrastructure, strengthen social services delivery and promote productivity, competitiveness and trade.
- Committed almost US$20 billion for around 3600 projects in all fields: food, energy, clean water and sanitation, healthcare and education – with the aim of encouraging self-reliance and inspiring hope for the future.
OFID Strategy in Fighting Energy Poverty

➢ Advocacy, building awareness and momentum.

➢ Consolidating and expanding action and projects on the ground.

➢ Building alliances and create synergies.
Post 2015 Agenda – Sustainable Development Goals
SE4ALL three objectives are to:

- ensure universal access to modern energy services;
- double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency; and
- double the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix.

OFID and SE4ALL

- A member of the Group of Experts appointed by the UN Secretary-General in 2011.
- A member of the Advisory Board since 2013.
- A member of the Access and Finance Subcommittees.
- On the technical level:
  - A Partner in the Water-Energy-Food Nexus HIO
  - A partner in the Mini-Grid HIO
In November 2007, the Solemn Declaration of the 3rd OPEC Summit (the Riyadh Declaration) called upon OFID to continue to align its programs with the objective of eradication of energy poverty in developing countries.

In June 2008, OFID responded to this mandate promptly and arranged for a workshop in Abuja, Nigeria to study the causes of, and solutions to, energy poverty.

In June 2008, the meeting of energy producers and consumers in Jeddah called upon OFID to consider a program of US$ 1 billion for alleviating energy poverty.

In March 2010, the energy ministers of the International Energy Forum (IEF) adopted the proposal by OFID that energy should be declared the 9th MDG.

In November 2011, OFID and the IEF organized a Symposium on Energy Poverty.
High Importance is Given to Energy Annual Approvals

OFID’s Ministerial Council committed a revolving US$1 billion to support the Energy for the Poor initiative

Source: OFID Data Base
Creating synergies and developing joint resources

- ACG-OECD DAC Task Force on Energy Access, established to determine the feasibility of working together to reduce energy poverty in Sub-Saharan Africa. In this task force, OFID is acting on behalf of ACG.

- Deep dive process, through which the ACG and the World Bank Group agreed to consult on enhancing their cooperation in achieving SDG 7, and providing analytical and financial resources for its implementation.
“Oil and Gas Industry Energy Access Platform (EAP)”
OFID Initiative Based on 3rd OPEC Summit Mandate

WPC 20
Doha Qatar, 2011

WPC 21
Moscow Russia, 2014

WPC/OFID Symposium on Energy Access
Vienna Austria, 2014

WPC Leadership Conference
Tromsø Norway, 2015

Launching the EAP 21st
March, 2016 – OFID Headquarter
EAP’s Main Objectives and Focus

- Share best practices, data and disseminate knowledge about energy access solutions.
- Leverage industry capabilities to support access to energy
- Help the industry in identifying corporate social responsibility opportunities in host countries, and harmonize robust, practical and cost-effective approaches for facing energy access challenges.
- Foster communication of industry on energy access solutions.
- Contribute to better integrate energy access in policies and projects at country level.

The EAP represents a win-win opportunity for all: Local communities and petroleum industry.
Thank You