

India New Delhi

Parallel Roundtable 1:

Refining and Petrochemical Sector; New Growth Potentials and Rationalization

Background Paper





Disclaimer

The observations presented herein are meant as background for the dialogue at the 16th International Energy Forum. They have been prepared in collaboration with The Boston Consulting Group and should not be interpreted as the opinion of the International Energy Forum or The Boston Consulting Group on any given subject.



Introduction

Market Context

- Technological disruptions are creating new challenges for the refiners
- Demand for oil is shifting towards petchems as growth from transport sector is expected to slow
- Refiners need to be more proactive to respond to shifting demand to ensure value creation and supply security

Session Objectives

- Discuss how shifting demand is impacting refining and petchems sector and its long term implication
- Why O&G companies should recalibrate their strategy and move downstream to petchems
- To suggest key success factors that would enable transformation and value creation for O&G players



Key Question: How do global shifts affect the refining and petrochemical sector? How do we ensure that supply chains are sufficiently resilient to respond to disruptions, energy transition, and shifting demand?

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Technological shifts are reshaping energy sector

Demand side

Disruptions

Supply side









Electric vehicles

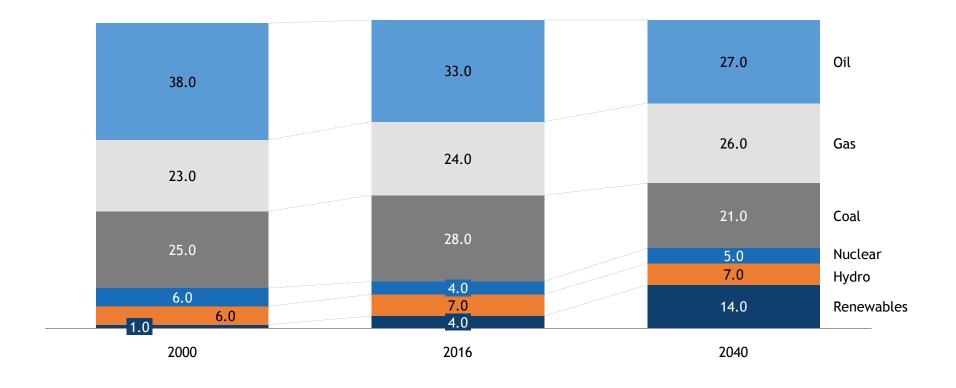
Renewables

Efficiency gains

Increase in shale oil supply

Changing the primary global energy mix

Fuel—wise shifts in primary energy demand (2000-2040) in %



With oil demand growth slowing, refiners face 3 key challenges going forward

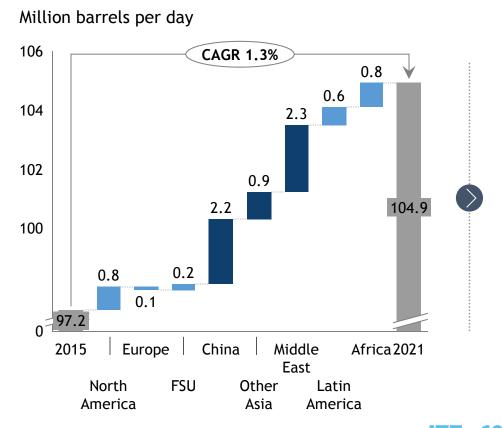
- Supply is outpacing demand

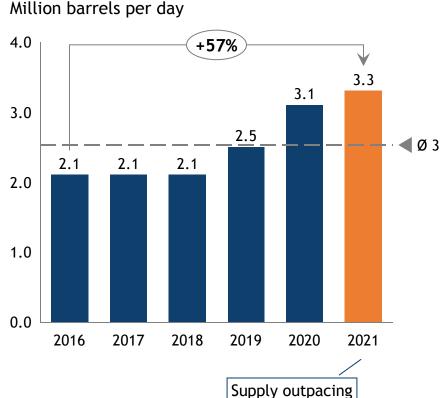
 Gap between supply and demand of refined products to further increase by 1.2 Mb/d during 2017-21, to reach 3.3 Mb/d
- Refining margins are heavily impacted
 Margins for heavy distillates expected to turn negative across regions post 2030
- Refinery closures to continue in order to rebalance the market Net closure level of 1.41 Mb/d is estimated for the period 2018-2022 Europe to lead with ~43% of these closures

As demand for oil falls and new capacity comes online in Asia and ME, excess capacity increases by 1.2 Mb/d

Global refinery crude distillation capacity set to increase by 7.0 Mb/d by 2022

Leading to the situation of oversupply in market

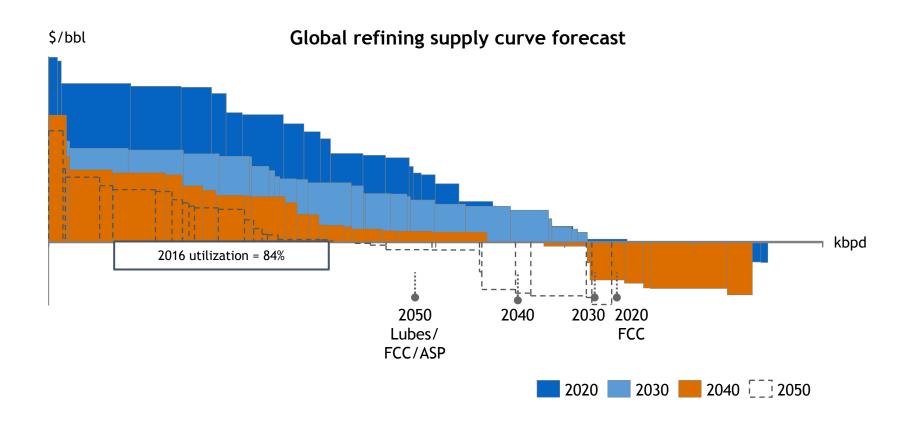




demand

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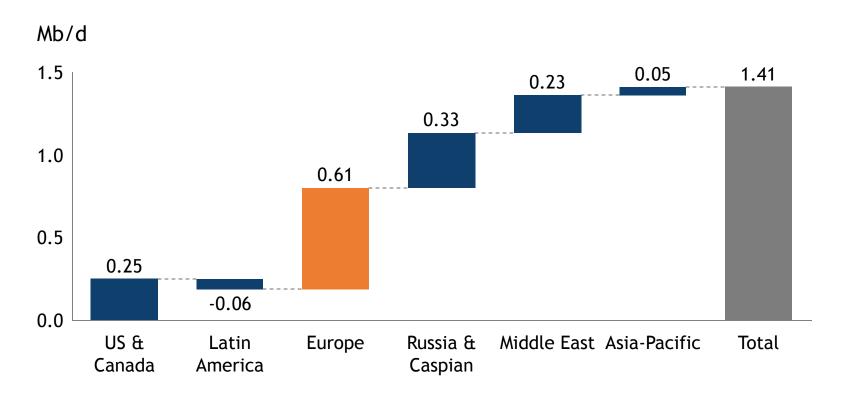
Refining margins impacted: Increased surplus is heavily impacting future margins of refiners





Multiple capacity closures planned to balance global refinery market; Europe to lead with majority of closures

~1.4 Mb/d net refinery closures expected during 2018-2022 period

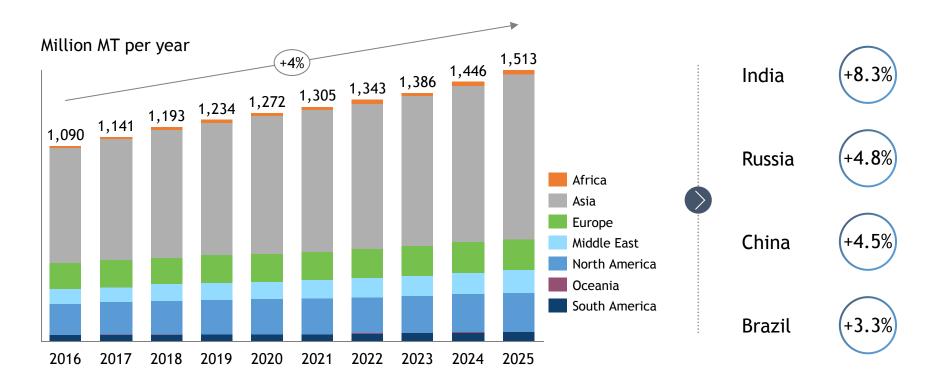




As demand for oil in transport declines, petrochemicals demand is expected to grow, driven by emerging countries



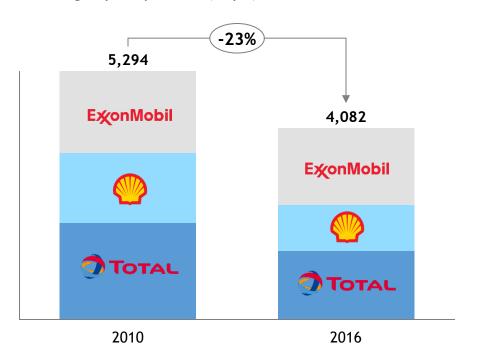
India growing at faster rate than global average



As a result, O&G majors look to reduce refining exposure and invest in higher margin petrochemicals segment

Big oil players are decommissioning underperforming refining assets

Refining capacity in WE (Kbpd)



While they are ramping up petrochemicals CAPEX....

ExonMobil

Mar 13, 2018 :Exxon planning multibilliondollar Gulf Coast expansion that would boost Baton Rouge refinery



Feb 27, 2018 : Saudi's SABIC in talks to join Shell in Iraq's Nebras petchem project



Jul 7, 2017: Total nears deal to invest up to \$2 billion in Iran's petrochemical industry

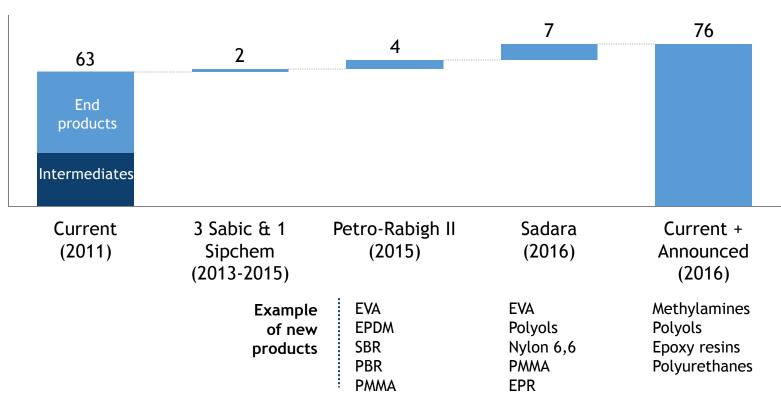


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Specifically, companies in the Middle East are extending downstream towards more value added products

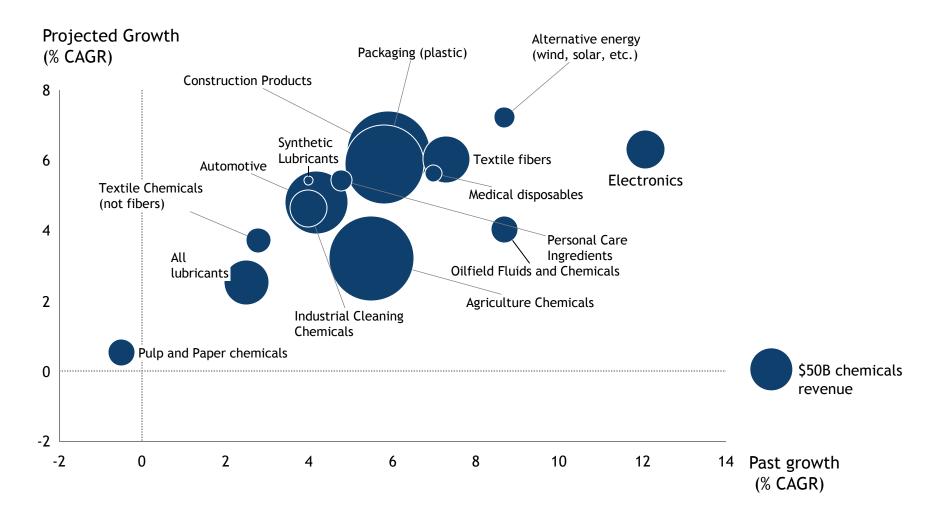
Saudi Arabia total petrochemical capacity by 2016

Capacity (MTA)





Auto, construction and packaging sectors are going to lead petrochemical consumption



Note: Forward growth next 3—5 years. Trailing growth last 3—5 years for most sectors. Lubes/syn lubes presence treated same as automotive. Ag chems only fertilizer, pesticides.

Surfactants not included Source: BCG analysis IEF16 Roundtable 1

O&G companies should consider three key factors for ensuring supply security and value creation



Scenario planning

3 likely scenarios could emerge in future companies should make flexible long term plans accordingly



Digital

Digital has the potential to create opportunities across the chemical value chain and unlock significant value

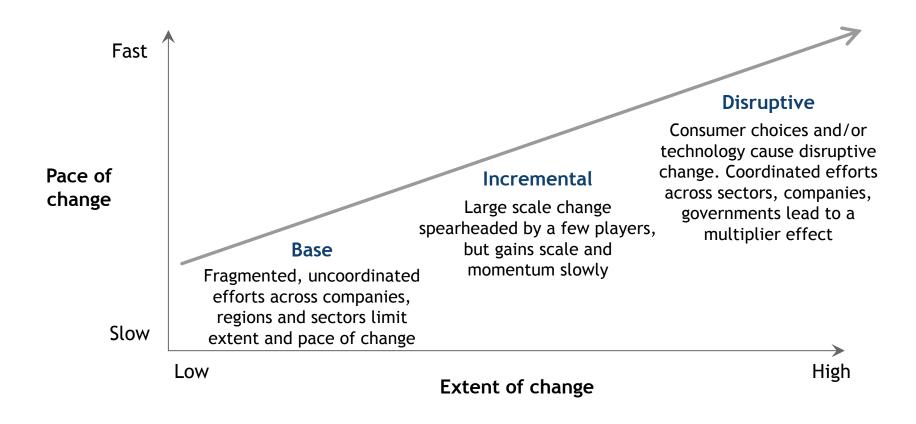


Consolidation

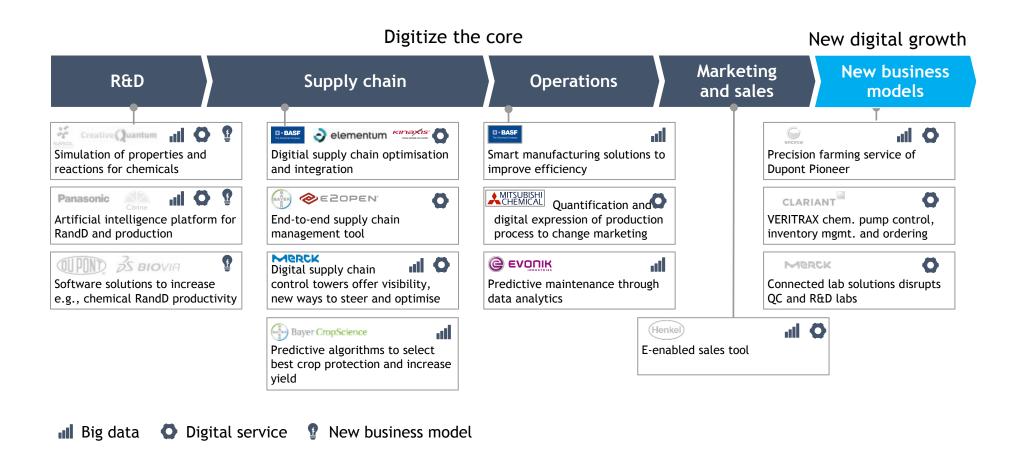
Consolidation within petchems sector could enable transformation

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Scenario based planning: 3 potential scenarios could emerge in the future



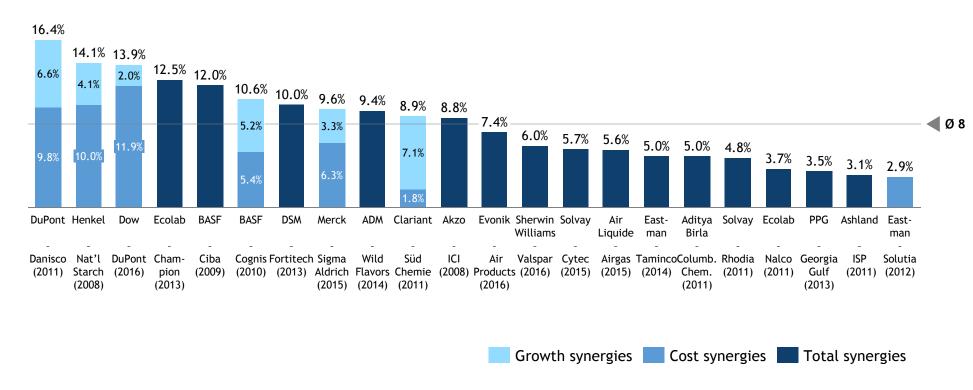
Digital has potential to create opportunities across the chemicals value chain



Consolidation: our analysis shows that consolidation creates growth and cost synergies on an average of 8%

2008-2016 acquisitions in the chemicals industry

Synergies as percentage of target company sales



Petchem companies to actively consolidate to enable transformation

- > Become a market leader via segment consolidation and roll—up (Ineos—PVC, Styrenics Indorama—PET, LANXESS— additives)
- Portfolio migration towards more coherence for superior shareholder returns (e.g., Dow DuPont, Solvay, LANXESS, ...)
- > **Support value chain integration** to capture additional value (e.g., Indorama—PET Borealis—compounding and recycling)
- Move to new segments and leverage capabilities (e.g., Merck—Millipore, Sigma Aldrich, DuPont—Danisco..)
- > Improve competitiveness via cost synergies—incl. site network (e.g., BASF—Ciba)
- > **Accelerated capability building** (e.g., SABIC—GE Plastics ChemChina—various)



Key Questions

- How are challenges faced by Asian refiners different from their western counterparts?
- 2 How could disruptions in petrochemicals sector impact refining sector?
- What could be some of the new business models that could emerge as the global refining sector rebalances itself?
- 4 What could be the government's role as a facilitator to ensure supply security and healthy growth in the sector?



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